

Energy Consumer Issues

ECCG - 13 April 2016

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European Commission





Enforcement



Energy

Consumer

Issues

Clear status







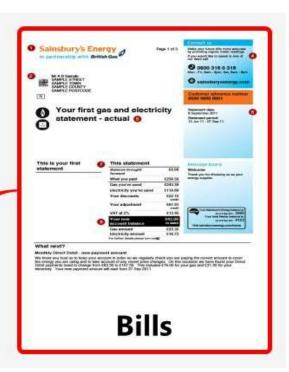






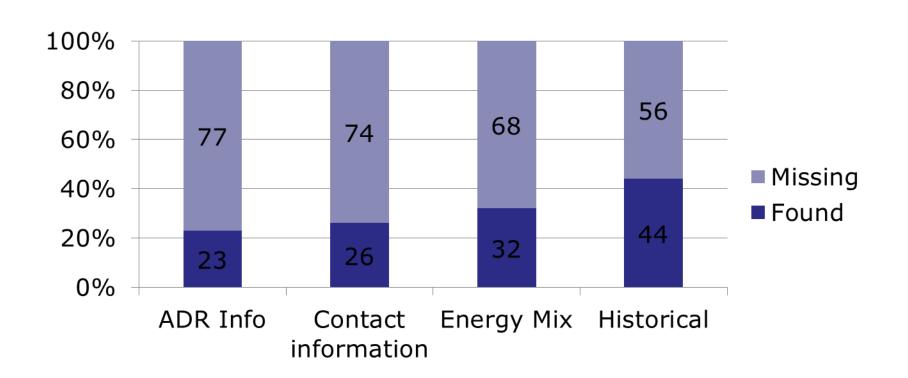
Billing

Energy Consumer Issues



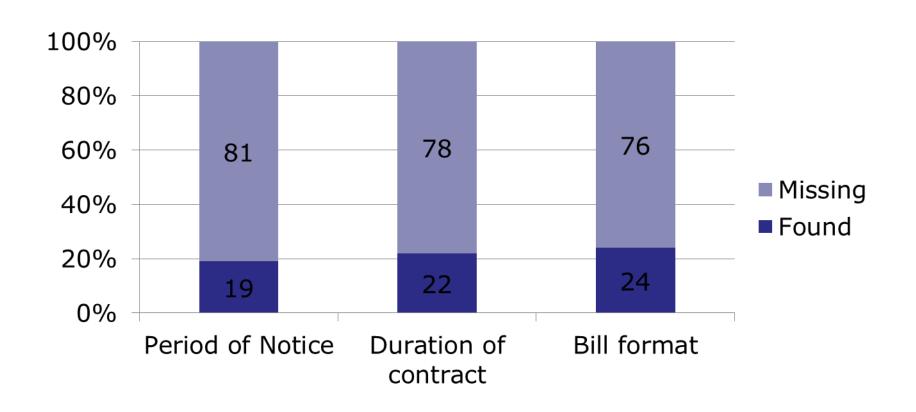


Bills: Missing Information (1st set)



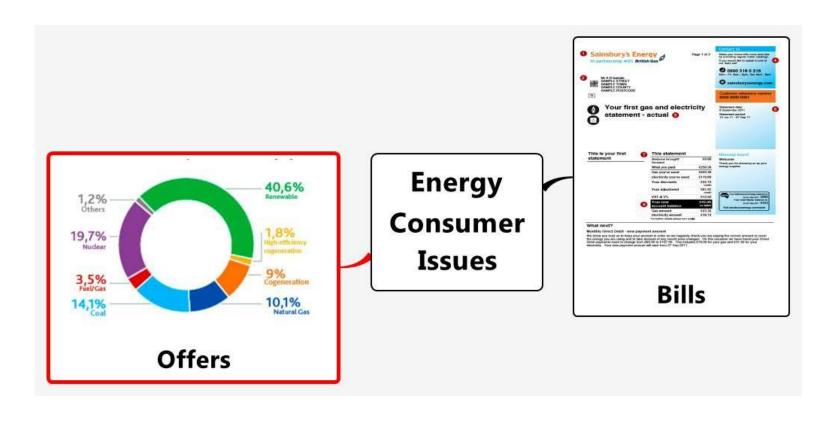


Bills: Missing Information (2nd Set)



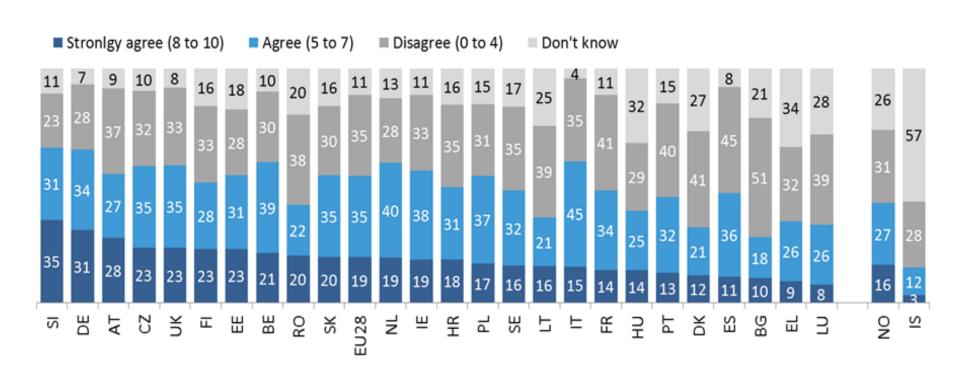


Offers





Offers: Still not easy to compare





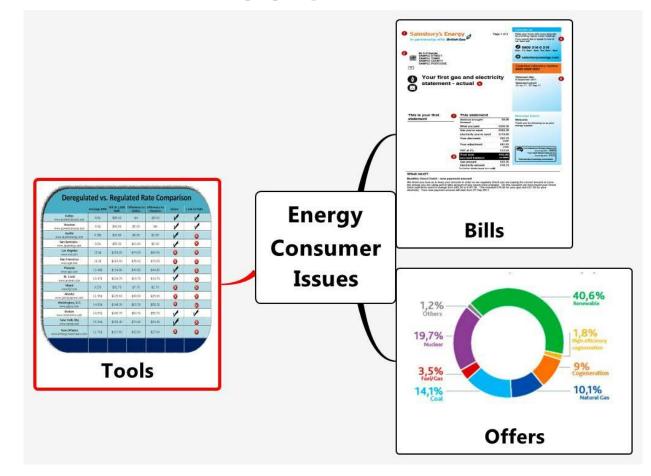
Green offers: still elusive

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Table 94: Availabilit	v ot "green" ei	nergy tariffs (m	ivstery shopping)

	SE	DE	FR	UK	ES	SI	IT	PL	LT	CZ	Tota I
	50	100	75	75	75	50	75	100	50	50	700
Only "green" tariffs	52%	40%	40%	23%	20%	14%	12%	5%	4%	2%	30%
A mix of "green" and other tariffs	40%	44%	43%	32%	9%	52%	33%	21%	16%	8%	22%
No "green" tariffs, only other tariffs	6%	7%	9%	31%	28%	16%	23%	23%	36%	24%	20%
This is not clear on the provider's website	2%	9%	8%	15%	43%	18%	32%	51%	44%	66%	28%

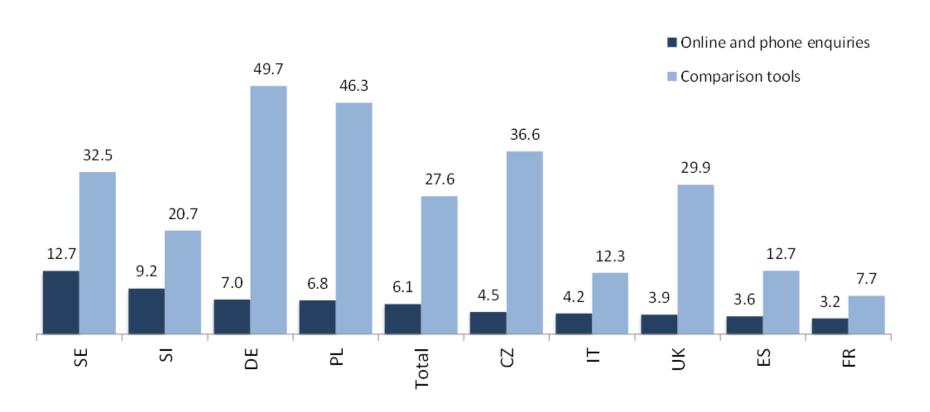


Tools



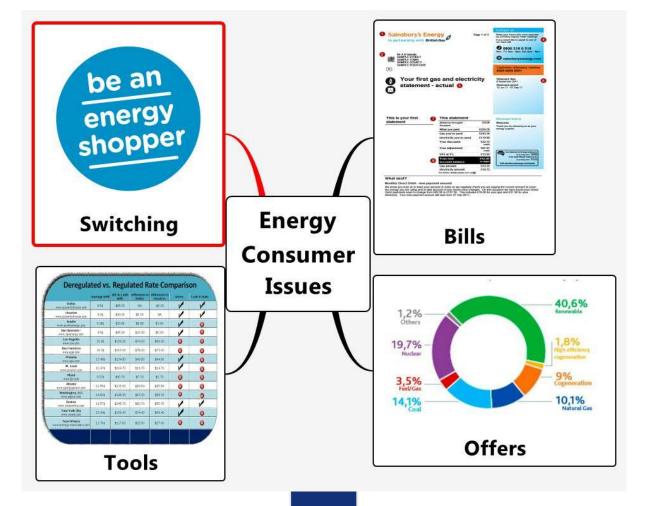


Comparison tools: they work but ...





Switching





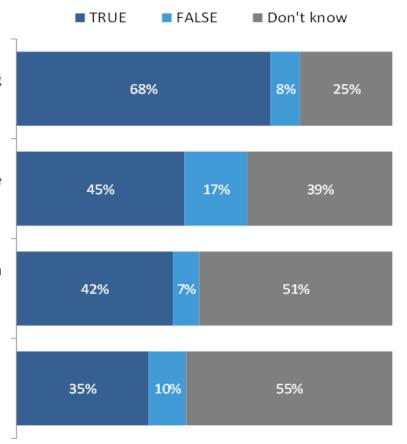
Switching: do you know the rules?

You can choose any electricity company from all of those offering their services in your area

If you decide to change your electricity company, you will not be charged for the change

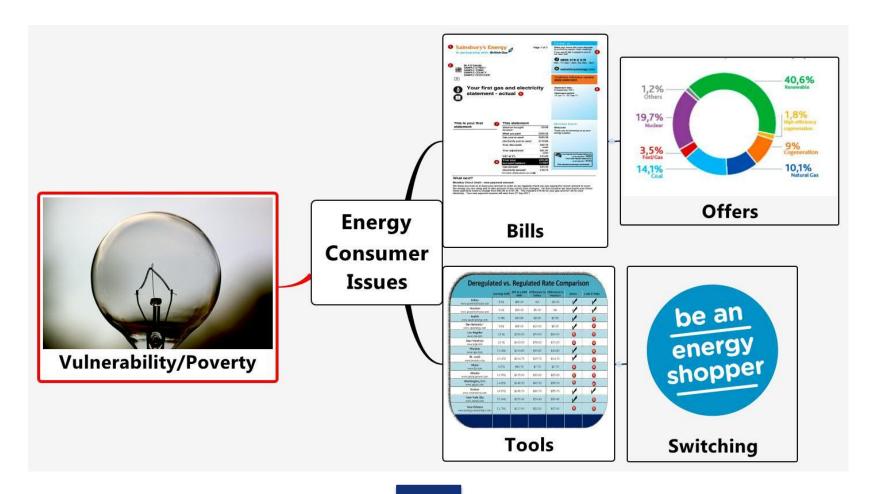
If you switch electricity company, no later than six weeks after you switch, you should receive the final closure account from your previous electricity company

When switching to another electricity company, the new electricity company must make the change within 3 weeks, provided you respect the terms and conditions of the original contract





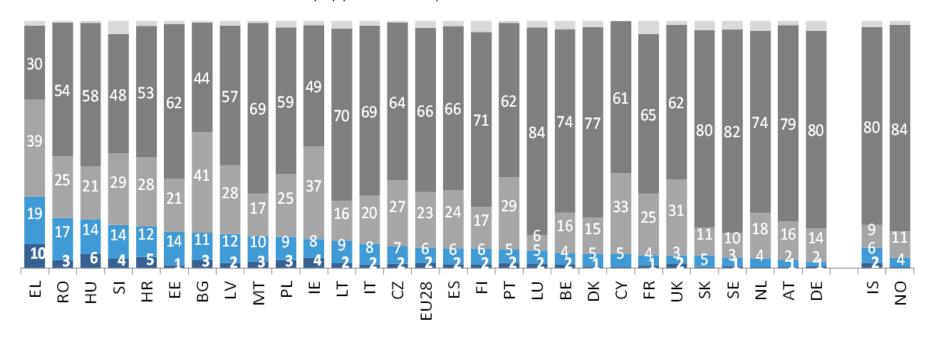
Vulnerability & Energy Poverty





Vulnerability & Poverty

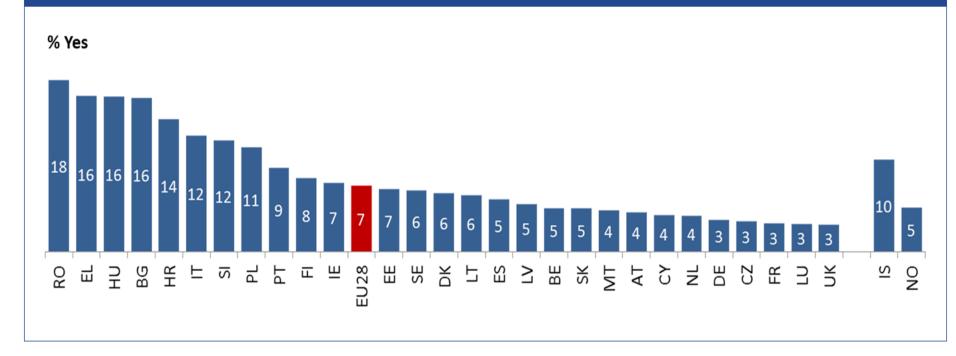
- Don't know/Refusal
- You can afford paying your electricity bills
- You worry about being able to pay your electricity bills but usually manage to do so
- You sometimes cannot pay your electricity bills on time
- You often cannot pay your electricity bills on time





Vulnerability & Poverty

Figure 168: Proportion of consumers who often have to pay a fee for late payment of their electricity bill, by country





Consumer vulnerability across key markets in the European Union

Coverage:

 EU 28 + Norway and Iceland (behavioural: Denmark, Lithuania, Portugal, Romania and the United Kingdom)

Research objectives:

- Identify marketing practices & drivers of vulnerability
- Test and asses selected palliative measures
- Mapping vulnerability patterns in financial, energy and online
- Published on the occasion of the Citizens Energy Forum 2016



Vulnerability drivers: energy

- Personal and demographic characteristics;
- Behavioural drivers;
- Market-related drivers;
- > Access drivers; and
- Situational drivers.



VCWG - Extended Mandate

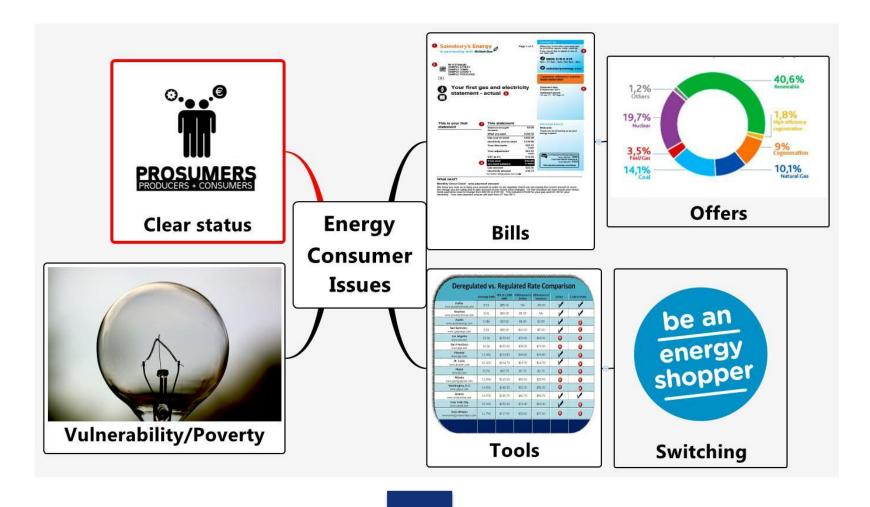
Further develop advise on vulnerability and energy poverty for upcoming legislative changes (retail market design)

Steering the work on indicators to measure and disclose information on energy poverty.

Support Commission and Member States in good practice sharing & tools



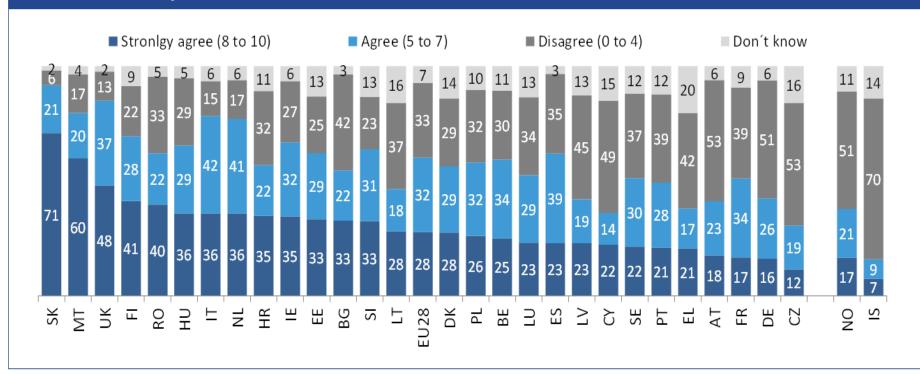
Prosumers





Prosumers

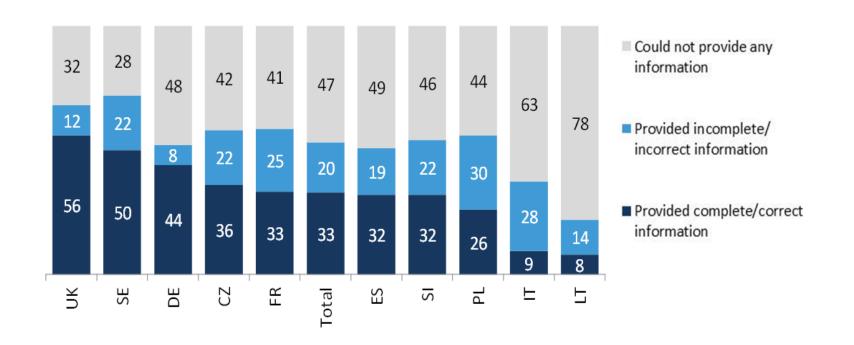
Figure 210: Agreement with the statement: "I am aware of smart meters and what they do", by country





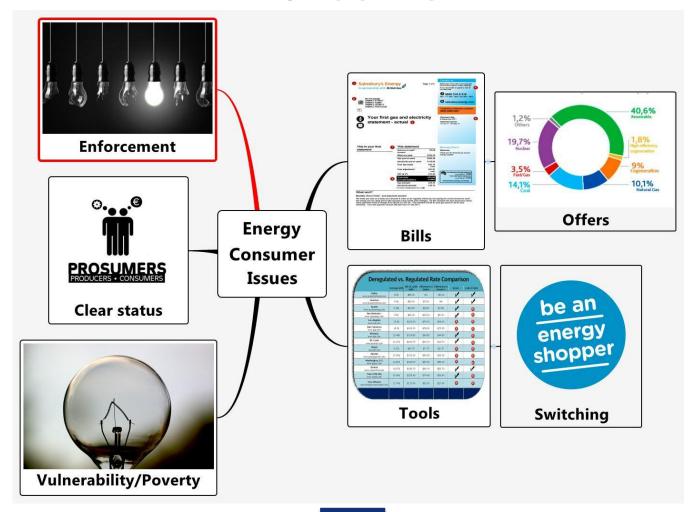
Prosumers

Figure 213: Information about smart meters provided when contacting electricity companies by phone





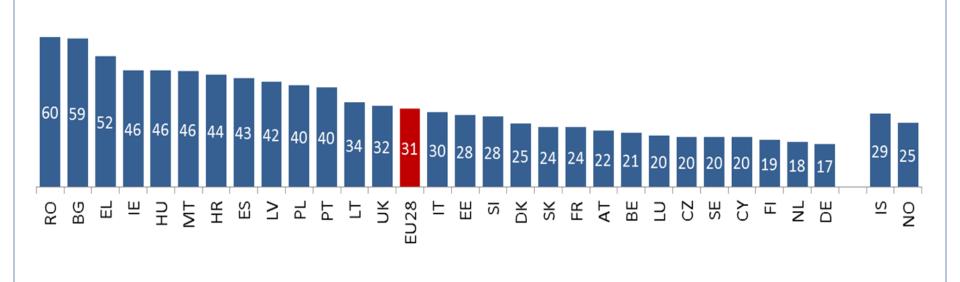
Enforcement





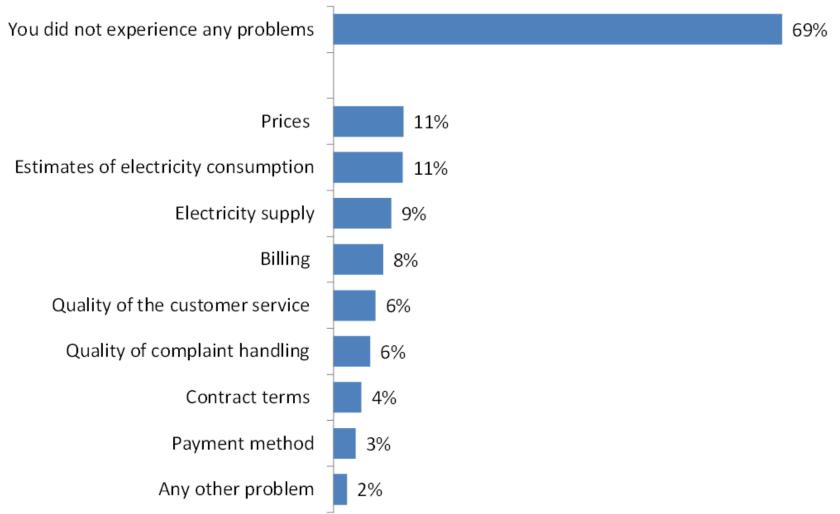
Consumer complaints

Figure 115: Proportion of consumers who indicated having experienced at least one problem with their electricity company in the past three years, by country





Types of issues





Issues / Affordability

